Version 02.00

February 2006

VXI HF Receiver R&S®EM 010

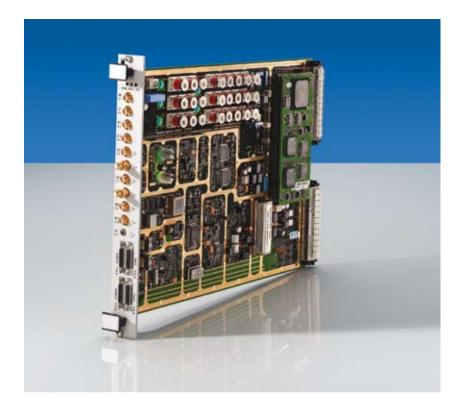
Efficient and versatile solution for radiomonitoring systems

The R&S[®]EM 010 is a DSP-based VXI HF receiver of advanced design for the frequency range 300 Hz to 30 MHz. It is a key component and integral part of the R&S[®]AMMOS[®] radiomonitoring and analysis systems from Rohde & Schwarz.

> Excellent RF characteristics plus powerful signal processors create the prerequisites for optimum system solutions.

- System compatibility on a variety of platforms
- Only one single C-size module for covering the total frequency range
- Suitable for all common reconnaissance methods
- Frequency and memory scan
- Excellent price/performance ratio





The receiver operates in the following modes:

- Fixed frequency mode (FFM)
- Memory scan mode
- Frequency scan mode
- Replay (IF) and playback mode
- Selftest

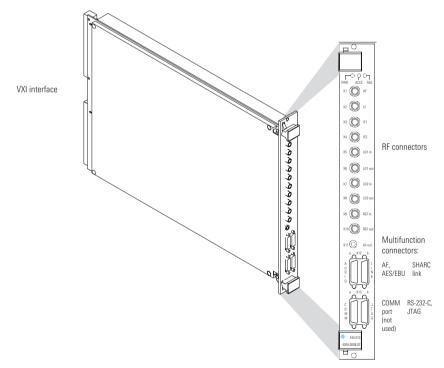
Data can be output in the following formats:

- Baseband signal (I and Ω) in digital form, bandwidth 20 kHz
- IF1: IF in analog form (40.048 MHz ±2 MHz)
- IF2: IF in analog form (455 kHz) or 0 Hz to 40 kHz, selectable
- AES/EBU for recording and replay of IF data
- AF digital
- AF analog (600 Ω line and headphones)

The VXI HF Receiver R&S®EM 010 is based on the long-standing experience of Rohde & Schwarz in the design of high-end shortwave receivers. Since the receiver is a VXI unit, it allows powerful, compact and flexible system solutions to be created. Owing to the use of modern signal processors, filtering, demodulation and data formats can be tailored to the signal scenario.

The receiver is controlled via the VXI interface as standard with binary control based on the OSI Common Management Information Service Element (CMISE) Standard.

The baseband data is output via VXI or SHARC link port.



VXI HF Receiver R&S®EM010 with main interfaces

Operating modes and control

Fixed frequency mode

The fixed frequency mode is the standard mode of the receiver. A fixed frequency is set at which the signal is received, filtered and demodulated.

The following parameters can be set:

- Frequency: can be set in 1 Hz steps in the range 10 kHz to 30 MHz (300 Hz to 30 MHz with option R&S®EM 010LF)
- Demodulation mode: AM, FM, USB, LSB. CW. ISB
- Bandwidth: IF bandwidths are valid for the analog IF output and the AF; selectable in 70 steps between 52 Hz and 20 kHz
- BFO frequency: can be set in 1 Hz steps in the frequency range ± 10 kHz
- Squelch: either syllabic or level squelch can be selected (level squelch settable in 1 dB steps in the range -20 dBuV to +100 dBuV)
- Preamplifier: can be switched on or off
- Gain control: automatic (AGC) or manual (MGC) gain control can be selected (with AGC, the hold time can be set in steps of 10/20/50/100/200/ 500/1000/5000/9000 ms; in the case of reception via the VLF input, only MGC can be used); for setting ranges see page 7
- Notch filter: two notch filters can be selected independently of each other (stopband limits settable in 1 Hz steps from 50 Hz to 500 Hz, which are converted in the receiver to 28 steps; the minimum stopband attenuation is 40 dB with 80 Hz filter bandwidth)

Memory scan mode

In the memory scan mode, receiver settings can be programmed for monitoring up to 1000 channels. These channels can be scanned with the Memory Scan command. A single channel can be called with the Recall command.

The squelch level serves as a criterion for dwelling at the same frequency or for switching to the next channel. If the level criterion is met, the receiver waits for the selectable dwell time to elapse before it switches to the next channel.

Parameters selectable for each channel:

- Memory location
- Frequency
- Demodulation mode
- Bandwidth
- BFO frequency
- IF path
- ◆ IF shift
- Squelch parameters

The Continue command can be used for switching to the next channel before the dwell time has elapsed.

Frequency scan mode

In the frequency scan mode, a lower and upper limit and the step width are defined for monitoring a specific frequency range. The frequency range is then scanned with the Frequency Scan command.

The squelch level serves as a criterion for dwelling at the same frequency or for switching to the next. If the signal level exceeds the threshold, the receiver waits for the set dwell time to elapse and then switches to the next frequency. The demodulator settings are fixed for the defined search range.

can be used for switching to the next channel before the dwell time has elapsed.

HF 🙆

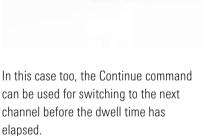
u ()

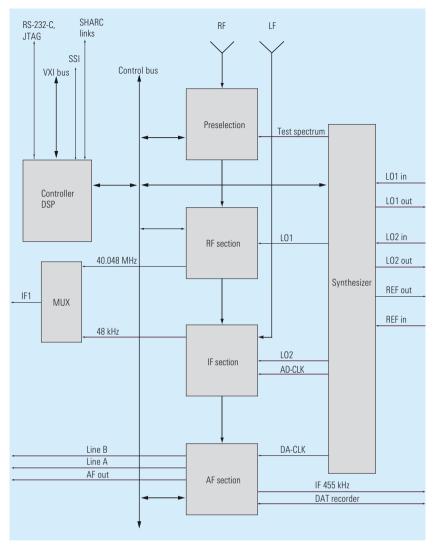
#2 🕢

10100 G

Replay and playback mode

In the replay mode, data can be fed in at the VXI interface, e.g. for further processing with a different bandwidth or demodulation mode. In the playback mode, the signal from the AES/EBU interface can be processed.





Selftest

In the fixed frequency mode, a comprehensive selftest can be performed. The test can be carried out in full or in a shorter version where only Go or Nogo is issued.

Design

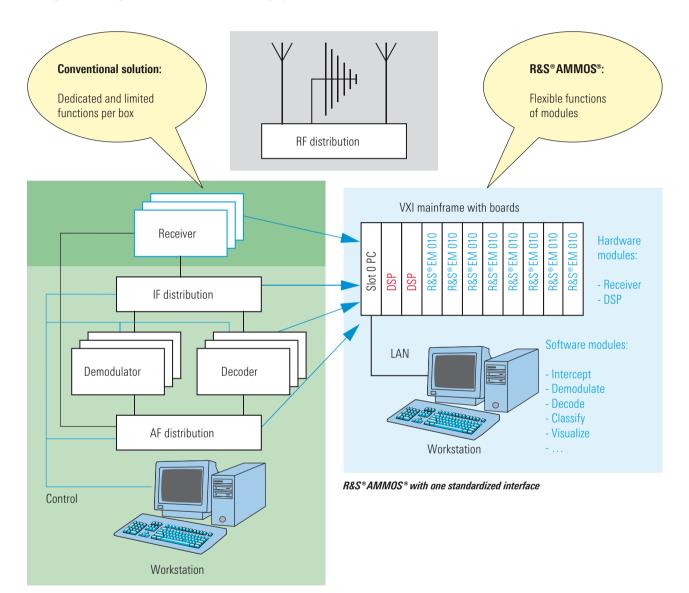
Control and signal processing are performed by two signal processors on the controller board.

All functional units are accommodated on printed boards. Milled and screwconnected shielding covers ensure excellent electromagnetic compatibility even in critical environments.

Block diagram of the VXI HF Receiver R&S®EM010

Use in VXI systems for radiomonitoring with R&S®AMMOS®

Comparison of previous radiomonitoring systems and R&S®AMMOS®



Previously: many different, highly specialized interfaces

The radiomonitoring and analysis system R&S®AMMOS® (automatic modular monitoring of signals) from Rohde & Schwarz can be adapted by users to carry out specific radiomonitoring tasks (for internal and external security) as well as spectrum management tasks. The system is suitable for strategic and tactical intelligence alike. It can be used in search and signal production as well as in technical signal analysis. R&S®AMMOS® provides unique radiomonitoring and technical signal analysis solutions for voice and data transmission. Previous monitoring systems consisted of a variety of special units with different tasks and functions. The customized software allowed only rigid workstation configurations with fixed cabling, whereas R&S®AMMOS® features versatile functions. The use of standard hardware components in conjunction with a set of flexible standard software modules enables the R&S®AMMOS® system to perform a large variety of tasks for interception, analysis, demodulation, decoding, and visualization of signals on the workstation.

Configuration of an R&S®AMMOS® radiomonitoring system

A system comprises the following VXI modules:

- Mainframe
- Controller
- Narrowband and broadband HF and VHF/UHF receivers
- DSP boards
- Software modules for controlling the receivers and for demodulation, decoding and further analysis of analog and digital signals, as well as fully automatic interception
- R&S[®]AMMOS[®] IT as remote-control software for the total system (external workstation)



Configuration example of an R&S[®]AMMOS[®] sensor group (including controller) with R&S[®]AMMOS[®] remote-control software, consisting of two DSP boards and eight HF Receivers R&S[®]EM010 (fully equipped)

Specifications

Frequency			
Input frequency ranges	10 kHz to 30 MHz (10 kHz to 1.5 MHz with reduced specs) ¹¹		
Frequency analing	300 Hz to 60 kHz via separate input (optional)		
Frequency spacing	1 Hz		
Frequency stability (internal reference)	≤10 ⁻⁷ in operating temperature range ≤10 ⁻⁷ aging/year (after 30 days of operation)		
Phase noise	≤–110 dBc (1 Hz) (1 kHz offset) typ. –114 dBc (1 Hz) (1 kHz offset)		
External frequency locking	10 MHz 0 dBm ±10 dB from 50 Ω source		
Tuning			
Tuning time	≤10 ms (bandwidth 20 kHz) ²⁾ ≤25 ms (delay of AF at 3 kHz IF bandwidth)		
Synthesizer setting time	≤5 ms, user-selectable ≤1 ms, ≤100 kHz		
Antenna input			
Nominal impedance	50 Ω		
VSWR	≤2, peaks up to max. 3.0		
Maximum input level	+7 dBm		
Overvoltage protection	\leq 50 V EMF (Z _{in} = 50 Ω)		
Preselection	10 kHz to 1.5 MHz: one switched broad- band filter 1.5 MHz to 30 MHz: eight switched suboctave filters ³⁾ 10 kHz to 30 MHz: one switched broadband filter		
Noise figure ⁴⁾	\leq 10 dB, typ. 8 dB (with preamplifier, 1 MHz to 20 MHz) \leq 11 dB, typ. 9 dB (with preamplifier, 20 MHz to 30 MHz) \leq 20 dB, typ. 17 dB (without preamplifier 0.1 MHz to 20 MHz) \leq 21 dB, typ. 18 dB (without preamplifier, 20 MHz to 30 MHz)		
Linearity			
2nd order intercept point ⁵⁾	with suboctave filters of preselection (1.5 MHz to 30 MHz): ≥75 dBm, typ. 90 dBm (preamplifier off) ≥70 dBm, typ. 90 dBm (preamplifier on) with broadband filter of preselection (300 kHz to 1.5 MHz or 300 kHz to 30 MHz) ≥50 dBm, typ. 70 dBm (preamplifier off) ≥30 dBm, typ. 50 dBm (preamplifier on)		
3rd order intercept point ⁶⁾	≥35 dBm, typ. 40 dBm (preamplifier off, 1.5 MHz to 30 MHz) ⁷⁾ ≥27 dBm, typ. 33 dBm (preamplifier off, 0.2 MHz to <1.5 MHz) ≥22 dBm, typ. 26 dBm (preamplifier on, 1.5 MHz to 20 MHz) ≥19 dBm, typ. 23 dBm (preamplifier on, 20 MHz to 30 MHz) ≥17 dBm, typ. 23 dBm (preamplifier on, 0.5 MHz to <1.5 MHz)		

Crossmodulation	a 30% AM-modulated signal of 6 dBm produces less than 10% crossmodula- tion for an unmodulated signal of –60 dBm (frequency offset 100 kHz)	
Blocking	a useful signal of –52 dBm is attenuated by less than 3 dB by an unmodulated signal of 23 dBm (frequency offset 59 kHz)	
Dynamic range of A/D converter	16 bit resolution	
Interference rejection		
Image frequency rejection	≥100 dB, typ. 120 dB (suboctave filter and broadband filter)	
IF rejection	\geq 100 dB, typ. 110 dB (suboctave filter and broadband filter)	
Oscillator reradiation at antenna input	≤–107 dBm, typ. –115 dBm	
Spurious responses 30 kHz to 30 MHz	≤-110 dBm	
Gain control	AGC or MGC	
RF control (antenna input) AGC range AGC time constants Attach time MGC range RF control (LF input) MGC range No AGC available	≥30 dB, typ. 40 dB ≤2 ms (20 dB step) ≥30 dB, nominal 40 dB in 1 dB steps 30 dB, in 10 dB steps	
Overall control antenna input (analog narrowband IF) AGC range AGC time constants Attack time Hold time (incl. decay) MGC range Overall control LF input (analog narrowband IF) MGC range	110 dB ≤2 ms (60 dB step) 10/20/50/100/200/500 ms/1/5/9 s for 60 dB roll-off 110 dB in 1 dB steps 110 dB in 1 dB steps	
Squelch	syllabic, level squelch selectable above 120 dB in 1 dB steps	
Filter	I UD SIEPS	
Analog IF filter 3 dB bandwidth Inband ripple	≥20 kHz ≤2 dB (B = 8 kHz)	
Digital IF filter 3 dB bandwidths Stopband attenuation Shape factor (60 dB/6 dB) Inband ripple	52 Hz to 20 kHz in 70 steps ≥90 dB ≤1.5 (with bandwidths above 300 Hz) typ. 0.5 dB (without ripple of analog IF filter)	
Notch filter Stopband Stopband attenuation	max. 2, selectable in baseband, separately adjustable in 1 Hz steps 28 steps in range 50 Hz to 500 Hz, automatic selection at any frequency in 1 Hz steps ≥40 dB at BW = 80 Hz typ. 1.53	
Shape factor (40 dB/1 dB)	typ. 1.55	

Demodulation			
Demodulation modes	AM, FM, USB, LSB, CW		
	ISB (bandwidth 2.8 kHz)		
AF bandwidth	0.3 kHz to 6 kHz		
Tuning aid	32-point FFT, output via data interface, matched to selected bandwidth		
Level measurement			
Measurement accuracy (0.1 MHz to 30 MHz without preamplifier, 1 MHz to 30 MHz with preamplifier) Output resolution	±3 dB input level in IF bandwidth RMS value; selectable averaging time 0.01 dB		
Sensitivity 0.1 MHz to 30 MHz without preamplifier, 1 MHz to 30 MHz with preamplifier (with external CCITT filter)			
AM (m = 50 %, f_{mod} = 1000 Hz,	−111 dBm for (S+N)/N ≥ 10 dB with		
bandwidth 6 kHz)	preamplifier $-102 \text{ dBm for (S+N)/N} \ge 10 \text{ dB without}$ preamplifier		
FM (5 kHz deviation, $f_{mod} = 400$ Hz, bandwidth 14.4 kHz)	$-106 \text{ dBm for (S+N)/N} \ge 25 \text{ dB with}$ preamplifier $-100 \text{ dBm for (S+N)/N} \ge 25 \text{ dB without}$ preamplifier		
CW (bandwidth 313 Hz, BFO: 1 kHz)	-126 dBm for (S+N)/N ≥ 10 dB with preamplifier -117 dBm for (S+N)/N ≥ 10 dB without preamplifier		
SSB (bandwidth 2.75 kHz, $f_{mod} = 1000$ Hz)	$-120 \text{ dBm for } (S+N)/N \ge 10 \text{ dB with}$ preamplifier $-111 \text{ dBm for } (S+N)/N \ge 10 \text{ dB without}$ preamplifier		
Sensitivity of LF input (option) f = 10 kHz, CW (bandwidth 313 Hz)	3 dBµV (corresponds to –114 dBm into 600 Ω) for (S+N)/N = 10 dB and LF gain = 30 dB		
BFO	settable in range $\pm 10~\text{kHz}$ in 1 Hz steps, can be switched off		
Broadband mode (RF input \rightarrow IF1 output) The narrowband function/demodulation of the receiver is deactivated in narrowband mode.			
Frequencies (RF)			
Frequencies (IF1)	input receive range of center frequency: 10 kHz + B/2 to 30 MHz - B/2 ³⁾ center frequency: 40.048 MHz bandwidth: $B \le 4$ MHz (inverted) ³⁾		
	10 kHz + B/2 to 30 MHz - B/2 ³ center frequency: 40.048 MHz		
Frequencies (IF1)	10 kHz + B/2 to 30 MHz - B/2 ³⁾ center frequency: 40.048 MHz bandwidth: B \leq 4 MHz (inverted) ³⁾		
Frequencies (IF1) VSWR (IF1)	10 kHz + B/2 to 30 MHz − B/2 ³ center frequency: 40.048 MHz bandwidth: B ≤ 4 MHz (inverted) ³ ≤2.5 (40.048 MHz ±2 MHz)		
Frequencies (IF1) VSWR (IF1) Image frequency rejection	10 kHz + B/2 to 30 MHz - B/2 ³ center frequency: 40.048 MHz bandwidth: B \leq 4 MHz (inverted) ³ \leq 2.5 (40.048 MHz ±2 MHz) \geq 90 dB, typ. 110 dB		
Frequencies (IF1) VSWR (IF1) Image frequency rejection IF rejection Spurious responses	10 kHz + B/2 to 30 MHz - B/2 ³¹ center frequency: 40.048 MHz bandwidth: B \leq 4 MHz (inverted) ³¹ \leq 2.5 (40.048 MHz \pm 2 MHz) \geq 90 dB, typ. 110 dB \geq 95 dB, typ. 105 dB \leq -110 dBm (B \leq 1 MHz)		
Frequencies (IF1) VSWR (IF1) Image frequency rejection IF rejection Spurious responses referenced to RF input Interference signals outside useful bandwidth 1st LO	10 kHz + B/2 to 30 MHz - B/2 ³ center frequency: 40.048 MHz bandwidth: B \leq 4 MHz (inverted) ³ \leq 2.5 (40.048 MHz ±2 MHz) \geq 90 dB, typ. 110 dB \geq 95 dB, typ. 105 dB \leq -110 dBm (B \leq 1 MHz) \leq -108 dBm, typ113 dBm (B \leq 4 MHz) typ20 dBm (above useful bandwidth)		
Frequencies (IF1) VSWR (IF1) Image frequency rejection IF rejection Spurious responses referenced to RF input Interference signals outside useful bandwidth 1st L0 1st L0 + F _{use} Gain	10 kHz + B/2 to 30 MHz - B/2 ³ center frequency: 40.048 MHz bandwidth: B \leq 4 MHz (inverted) ³ \leq 2.5 (40.048 MHz ±2 MHz) \geq 90 dB, typ. 110 dB \geq 95 dB, typ. 105 dB \leq -110 dBm (B \leq 1 MHz) \leq -108 dBm, typ113 dBm (B \leq 4 MHz) typ20 dBm (above useful bandwidth) level similar to useful signal level typ10 dB (without preamplifier)		

Scan functions			
Memory scan	1000 programmable channels		
Frequency scan	start frequency – stop frequency – step size		
Power supply			
Supply voltages	+24 V DC, max. 20 mA +12 V DC, max. 1500 mA -12 V DC, max. 240 mA +5 V DC, max. 2500 mA		
Total power consumption	typ. 34 W		
Inputs/outputs			
Inputs HF LF 1st LO 2nd LO 10 MHz reference	10 kHz to 30 MHz, impedance 50 Ω (SMA) 300 Hz to 60 kHz, impedance 600 Ω (SMA) 40.058 MHz to 70.048 MHz (SMA) level: 0 dBm \pm 3 dB (impedance 50 Ω) 40 MHz (SMA) level: 0 dBm \pm 3 dB (impedance 50 Ω) input impedance 250 Ω (SMA) level: 0 dBm \pm 10 dB from 50 Ω source		
Outputs IFO (software-configurable)	baseband digital I and Ω (VXI) (32 ksample/s) AF digital (VXI)		
IF1 (SMA)	(16 ksample/s) broadband mode if this output is used: center frequency: 40.048 MHz bandwidth: B \leq 4 MHz (inverted) ³⁾ impedance 50 Ω (SMA)		
IF2 (software-configurable, SMA)	IF analog, 455 kHz regulated (15 kHz band- width) or IF analog regulated, frequency 0 Hz to 40 kHz, selectable		
1st LO	40.058 MHz to 70.048 MHz (SMA) level: 0 dBm \pm 3 dB (impedance 50 Ω)		
2nd LO	40 MHz (SMA) level: 0 dBm \pm 3 dB (impedance 50 Ω)		
10 MHz reference	level: 0 dBm \pm 3 dB sine (impedance 50 Ω), SMA		
AES/EBU AF line	32 ksamples/s 600 Ω balanced (26-pin AMPLIMITE.050 series)		
AM, CW, SSB FM AF phone (3.5 mm jack)	0 dBm \pm 3 dB (modulation depth at AM: 50%) 0 dBm \pm 3 dB (frequency deviation 2.5 kHz) at bandwidths >6 kHz 8 Ω load resistor, 0 V to 3 V V _{co}		
Control data interfaces	VXI (meets VXI standard IEEE 1155-1992)		
AUDIO COMM (not used) RS-232-C, JTAG	26-pin AMPLIMITE .050 series 26-pin AMPLIMITE .050 series 26-pin AMPLIMITE .050 series		
Displays	status LED "FAILED" LED "VXI bus active" LED "POWER"		

General data

Operating temperature range	0°C to +50°C	
Permissible temperature range	-10 °C to +55 °C	
Storage temperature range	-40 °C to +75 °C	
Shock	30 g, 11 ms EN 60068-2-27- MIL-PRF-28800F, 40 g shock spectrum	
Vibration Sine Random	5 Hz to 55 Hz, 0.15 mm amplitude IEC 68-2-36, 10 Hz to 300 Hz, 1.2 g (rms)	
Relative humidity	50% to 95% at +25°C to +40°C, non-condensing	
EMC	EN 300339	
Weight	1.75 kg	
MTBF	≥10 000 h to MIL-HDBK, ≥70 000 h to ISO 1709	

- ¹⁾ Warrantied data is specified separately.
- ²⁾ Level deviation ± 1 dB.
- ³⁾ At range limits of suboctave filters, the wide useful IF may be limited. Remedy: switch on broadband input filter (10 kHz to 30 MHz).
- ⁴⁾ Values apply in the range +10 °C to +30 °C.
- A 1 dB higher limit value applies in the full range -10° C to $+55^{\circ}$ C.
- ⁵⁾ Test level: without preamplifier: 2 × 0 dBm; with preamplifier: 2 × −10 dBm.
 ⁶⁾ Frequency spacing between intermodulated signals ≥30 kHz.
- Test level: without preamplifier: 2×0 dBm; with preamplifier: 2×-10 dBm.
- $^{\prime\prime}$ Limited frequency range: 2.5 MHz to 30 MHz in temperature range 0 °C to +10 °C.

Ordering information

Designation	Туре	Order No.
VXI HF Receiver	R&S®EM 010	4055.0008.03
LF Receiver (option) 300 Hz to 60 kHz	R&S®EM 010LF	4055.0014.02
VXI Mainframe	R&S®GX 400VM	4056.9509.02
VXI Controller	R&S®GX 400VC	4056.9896.02
VXI Platform Software	R&S®GX 400PS	4057.0305.02
Tuner Software for controling VXI HF Receivers R&S®EM 010	R&S®GX 400RX	4056.9209.02



More information at www.rohde-schwarz.com (search term: EM010)



www.rohde-schwarz.com Europe: +49 1805 12 4242, customersupport@rohde-schwarz.com USA and Canada: 1-888-837-8772, customer.support@rsa.rohde-schwarz.com Asia: +65 65130488, customersupport.asia@rohde-schwarz.com